

ADVANCED CHEMISTRY & TECHNOLOGY -- AC-236 CLASS A BASE -- 8030-00-842-8127

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Product Identification
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Product ID:AC-236 CLASS A BASE

MSDS Date:04/27/1999

FSC:8030

NIIN:00-842-8127

Status Code:A

Kit Part:Y

MSDS Number: CLGKQ

=== Responsible Party ===

Company Name:ADVANCED CHEMISTRY & TECHNOLOGY

Address:7341 ANACONDA AVE

City:GARDEN GROVE

State:CA

ZIP:92841-2921

Country:US

Info Phone Num:

714-373-2837

Emergency Phone Num:800-424-9300

Preparer's Name:RYAN MICKELSON

CAGE:1DWR5

=== Contractor Identification ===

Company Name:ADVANCED CHEMISTRY & TECHNOLOGY

Address:7341 ANACONDA AVE

Box:City:GARDEN GROVE

State:CA

ZIP:92841-2921

Country:US

Phone:714-373-2837

CAGE:1DWR5

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Composition/Information on Ingredients
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Ingred Name:LIMESTONE

CAS:1317-65-3

RTECS #:EV9580000

= Wt:38.5

OSHA PEL:15 MG/M3

ACGIH TLV:10 MG/M3

Ingred Name:TOLUENE

CAS:108-88-3

RTECS #:XS5250

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= Wt:13.

OSHA PEL:SEE TABLE Z-2

ACGIH TLV:188 MG/M3;50 PPM

EPA Rpt Qty:1000 LBS

DOT Rpt Qty:1000 LBS

Ingred Name:CALCIUM CARBONATE

CAS:471-34-1

RTECS #:FF9335000

= Wt:3.

Ingred Name:TITANIUM DIOXIDE

CAS:13463-67-7

RTECS #:XR2275000

= Wt:2.2

OSHA PEL:15 MG/M3

ACGIH TLV:10 MG/M3

Ingred Name:FORMALDEHYDE

CAS:50-00-0

RTECS #:LP8925000

< Wt:.1

OSHA PEL:SEE 1910.1048

ACGIH STEL:C0.37 MG/M3;C0.3 PPM

EPA Rpt Qty:100 LBS

DOT Rpt Qty:100 LBS

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===== Hazards Identification =====
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Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: INGESTION MAY CAUSE NAUSEA, VOMITING, PAIN, UPSET STOMACH, DIRARRHEA. MAY CAUSE MECHANICAL EYE IRRITATION. DO NOT SWALLOW.

Effects of Overexposure:EYE CONTACT: CAUSES SEVERE IRRITATION. CAN CAUSE BURNING SENSATION, TEARING, AND REDNESS. SKIN CONTACT: MAY CAUSE SLIGHT TO MILD IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY THE SKIN AND LEAD TO IRRITATION. MAY BE ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN. INHALATION:

IRRITATION TO THE EYES, NOSE, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAN CAUSE DIZZINESS, HEADACHES, AND INCOORDINATION. NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND STOMACH UPSET C AN OCCUR. INGESTION: IRRITATION TO THE EYES, NOSE, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAN CAUSE DIZZINESS, HEADACHES, AND INCOORDINATION. NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND STOMACH UPSET CAN OCCUR. INGESTION: IRRITATION TO TH E MOUTH, THROAT, AND STOMACH. MAY CAUSE

Medical Cond Aggravated by Exposure:NERVOUS SYSTEM. SKIN.

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===== First Ai

d Measures =====

First Aid: EYE CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IF IRRITATION PERSISTS. PROFESSIONALLY WASH CLOTHING AND SHOES BEFORE REUSE. INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF SYMPTOMS DEVELOP, SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION.

INGESTION: SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION. IMMEDIATELY INDUCE VOMITING, AS DIRECTED BY MEDICAL PERSONNEL. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

===== Fire Fighting Measures =====

Flash Point Method: SCC

Flash Point: >32.8C, 91.F

Extinguishing Media: SMALL FIRES: DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON DIOXIDE, HALON, WATER SPRAY, OR FOAM. LARGE FIRES: WATER SPRAY, FOG, OR ALCOHOL FOAM.

Fire Fighting Procedures: FIRE FIGHTERS AND OTHERS WHO MAY BE EXPOSED TO

THE PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH NIOSH APPROVED POSITIVE PRESSURE SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: DURING FIRE, IRRITATING AND HIGHLY TOXIC GASES MAY BE GENERATED DURING COMBUSTION OR DECOMPOSITION. HIGH TEMPERATURES CAN CAUSE SEALED CONTAINERS TO RUPTURE DUE TO A BUILD UP OF INTERNAL PRESSURE. COOL WITH WATER. VAPORS CAN TRAVEL TO A SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASH BACK.

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Accidental Release Measures =====

Spill Release Procedures: EVACUATION: ISOLATE HAZARD AREA. KEEP UNNECESSARY AND UNPROTECTED PERSONNEL FROM ENTERING. ELIMINATE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION. CONTAINMENT: SAFELY STOP DISCHARGE. CONTAIN MATERIAL, AS NECESSARY WITH A DIKE OR BARRIER. STOP MATERIAL FROM CONTAMINATING SOIL, OR FROM ENTERING SEWERS OR BODIES OF WATER. CLEAN-UP/PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT: FIRE FIGHTERS AND OTHERS WHO MAY BE EXPOSED TO THE PRODUCTS.

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Handling and Storage
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Handling and Storage Precautions: STORAGE CONDITIONS: STORE IN A COOL, DRY, WELL VENTILATED AREA AWAY FROM HEAT, IGNITION SOURCES, AND DIRECT SUNLIGHT. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. WARNING: HOT ORGANIC CHEMICAL VAPORS OR MISTS CAN SUDDENLY AND WITHOUT WARNING COMBUST WHEN MIXED WITH AIR. IGNITION CAN OCCUR AT TYPICAL ELEVATED TEM

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Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
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Respiratory Protection: WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED EQUIPMENT. DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE TYPE BY CONSULTING THE RESPIRATOR MANUFACTURER. HIGH AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS MAY NECESSITATE THE USE OF SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS OR A SUPPLIED AIR RESPIRATOR. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAMS MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.134

Ventilation: LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION IS RECOMMENDED WHEN VAPORS, MISTS, OR DUSTS CAN BE RELEASED IN EXCESS OF ESTABLISHED AIRBORNE EXPOSURE LIMITS.

Protective Gloves: IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, CONSULT GLOVE MANUFACTURER.
Eye Protection: CHEMICAL SPLASH GOGGLES OR SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS.

Supplemental Safety and Health

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Physical/Chemical Properties
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Spec Gravity: 1.31
Solubility in Water: INSOLUBLE
Appearance and Odor: OFFWHITE, SULFIDE ODOR

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Stability and Reactivity Data
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Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid: YES
OXIDIZERS, REDUCERS, STRONG BASES, ACIDS.
Stability Condition to Avoid: HIGH TEMPERATURES
Hazardous Decomposition Products: HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION AND DECOMPOSITION: SMOKE, SOOT, TOXIC FUMES (CARBON DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE), FORMALDEHYDE, ALDEHYDES, OXIDES OF SULFUR, HYDROGEN SULFIDE.

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Toxicological Information
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Toxicological Information: LIMESTONE: REPEATED EXPOSURE TO DUSTS CAN LEAD TO PARTICULATE DEPOSITION IN THE LUNGS. CAN CONTAIN TRACE AMOUNTS OF CRYSTALLINE SILICA AS AN IMPURITY.

CALCIUM CARBONATE:

REPEATED EXPOSURE TO DUSTS CAN LEAD TO PARTICULATE DEPOSITION IN THE LUNGS. TITANIUM DIOXIDE: IN A 2 YEAR STUDY IN RATS, AN INCREASE IN BENIGN AND MALIGNANT LUNG TUMORS WERE OBSERVED AT 250 MG/M RESPIRABLE DUST LEVEL. THIS LEVEL IS 50 TIMES THE CURRENT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVEL AND IS NOT EXPECTED TO CORRELATE TO HUMAN EXPOSURES. FORMALDEHYDE: SEVERELY IRRITATING TO THE EYES, SKIN, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAUSES SKIN AND RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION.

REPEATED EXPOSURE

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===== Disposal Considerations =====

Waste Disposal Methods:DISPOSAL: WHEN A DECISION IS MADE TO DISCARD THIS MATERIAL AS SUPPLIED, IT MEETS RCRA'S CHARACTERISTICS DEFINITION OF IGNITABILITY. GENERAL STATEMENTS: FEDERAL REGULATIONS MAY APPLY TO EMPTY CONTAINER. STATE AND/OR LOCAL REGULATIONS MAY BE DIFFERENT. GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS: OF THE METHODS OF DISPOSAL CURRENTLY AVAILABLE, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT AN

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===== Regulatory Information =====

SARA Title III Information:SECTION 311/312-HAZARD CATEGORIES: Y-FIRE HAZARD, SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE HAZARD, N-REACTIVITY HAZARD, Y-IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, Y-DELAYED HEALTH HAZARD.

State Regulatory Information:PENNSYLVANIA-NEW JERSEY R-T-K LIMESTONE 1317-65-3 38.5, TOLUENE 108-88-3 13.0, CALCIUM CARBONATE 471-34-1 3, TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7 2.2, FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0